## Assessment of dermal absorption of aluminium from a representative antiperspirant formulation using a [<sup>26</sup>AI]AI microtracer approach – a follow-up study in humans

Rianne de Ligt<sup>1</sup>, Joost Westerhout<sup>2</sup>, Dimitri Grossouw<sup>1</sup>, Thomas P. Buters<sup>3</sup>, Robert Rissmann<sup>3</sup>, Jacobus Burggraaf<sup>3</sup>, Albert D. Windhorst<sup>4</sup>, Sarah Tozer<sup>5</sup>, Gerlinde Pappa<sup>6</sup>, Brian Wall<sup>7</sup>, Dagmar Bury<sup>8</sup>, David R. Mason<sup>9</sup>, and Wouter H.J. Vaes<sup>1</sup>

Part – Treatment	Amount	Concentration	Nominal dose	Nominal dose of [ <sup>26</sup> Al]
A – Topical (~2500 Bq)	1.5 g	1797 Bq/g	2695 Bq	3730317 pg
A – IV (cohort 1)	5 mL	0.017 Bq/mL	0.086 Bq	120 pg
A – IV (cohort 2)	5 mL	0.014 Bq/mL	0.072 Bq	100 pg
B – Topical (~1 Bq)	1.5 g	0.76 Bq/g	1.14 Bq	1573 рд

Table S1 – Overview of nominal doses applied (parts A and B)

Subjects 01-06 were included in Part A, where cohort 1 was comprised of subjects 01, 03, 04 and 05 and cohort 2 comprised of subjects 02 and 06, subjects 07-12 were included in Part B

## Assessment of dermal absorption of aluminium from a representative antiperspirant formulation using a [<sup>26</sup>AI]AI microtracer approach – a follow-up study in humans

Rianne de Ligt<sup>1</sup>, Joost Westerhout<sup>2</sup>, Dimitri Grossouw<sup>1</sup>, Thomas P. Buters<sup>3</sup>, Robert Rissmann<sup>3</sup>, Jacobus Burggraaf<sup>3</sup>, Albert D. Windhorst<sup>4</sup>, Sarah Tozer<sup>5</sup>, Gerlinde Pappa<sup>6</sup>, Brian Wall<sup>7</sup>, Dagmar Bury<sup>8</sup>, David R. Mason<sup>9</sup>, and Wouter H.J. Vaes<sup>1</sup>

Relationship	Intensity	System Organ Class (number)		
	Moderate	Infusion site pain (2)		
Probably Mild		Dermatitis contact (3); Skin abrasion (2); Application site		
		erythema (1); Dizziness (1); Nausea (1); Pruritus (1)		
Possibly	Mild	Paraesthesia (1)		
Unrelated	Moderate	Influenza like illness (1); Musculoskeletal pain (1)		
	Mild	d Headache (14); General disorders (4)		

Table S2 – Summary of emergent adverse events by relationship, intensity and system organ class

## Assessment of dermal absorption of aluminium from a representative antiperspirant formulation using a [<sup>26</sup>AI]AI microtracer approach – a follow-up study in humans

Rianne de Ligt<sup>1</sup>, Joost Westerhout<sup>2</sup>, Dimitri Grossouw<sup>1</sup>, Thomas P. Buters<sup>3</sup>, Robert Rissmann<sup>3</sup>, Jacobus Burggraaf<sup>3</sup>, Albert D. Windhorst<sup>4</sup>, Sarah Tozer<sup>5</sup>, Gerlinde Pappa<sup>6</sup>, Brian Wall<sup>7</sup>, Dagmar Bury<sup>8</sup>, David R. Mason<sup>9</sup>, and Wouter H.J. Vaes<sup>1</sup>

Tape strip number(s)	Recovery in % of dose (normalized on t=20 min)				
	t=20 min	t=1h	t=6h	t=24h	
1	70%	44%	7.0%	0.6%	
2	13%	11%	1.0%	0.2%	
3	4.5%	3.8%	0.9%	0.2%	
4	3.4%	2.0%	0.3%	0.1%	
5	2.0%	1.4%	0.3%	0.1%	
6	2.3%	0.8%	0.2%	0.04%	
7	1.0%	1.4%	0.8%	0.1%	
8	0.9%	1.0%	0.7%	0.1%	
9	0.9%	0.9%	0.4%	0.1%	
10	0.9%	0.9%	0.4%	0.1%	
11-20	0.6%	0.5%	0.1%	0.03%	
21-30	0.5%	0.3%	0.1%	0.02%	
31-40	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.02%	
Total	100%	68%	12%	1.6%	
Skin biopsy (n=4, 2 samples <lloq)< td=""><td>n.a.</td><td>n.a.</td><td>n.a.</td><td>0.08%</td></lloq)<>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0.08%	

 Table S3 – Part B. Averaged amount of [<sup>26</sup>AI] recovered from the tape strips and skin biopsies, normalized for the amount recovered after 20 minutes of application.

n.a. not applicable