

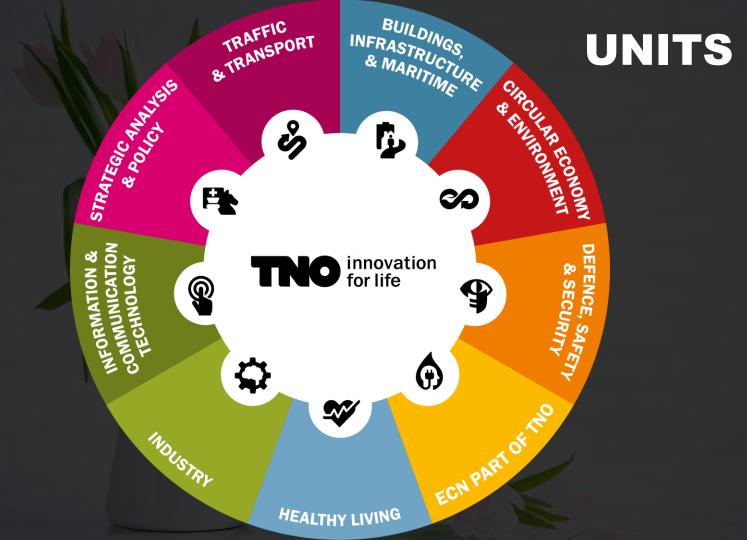
To connect people and knowledge to create innovations that boost the competitive strength of industry and the wellbeing of society in a sustainable way



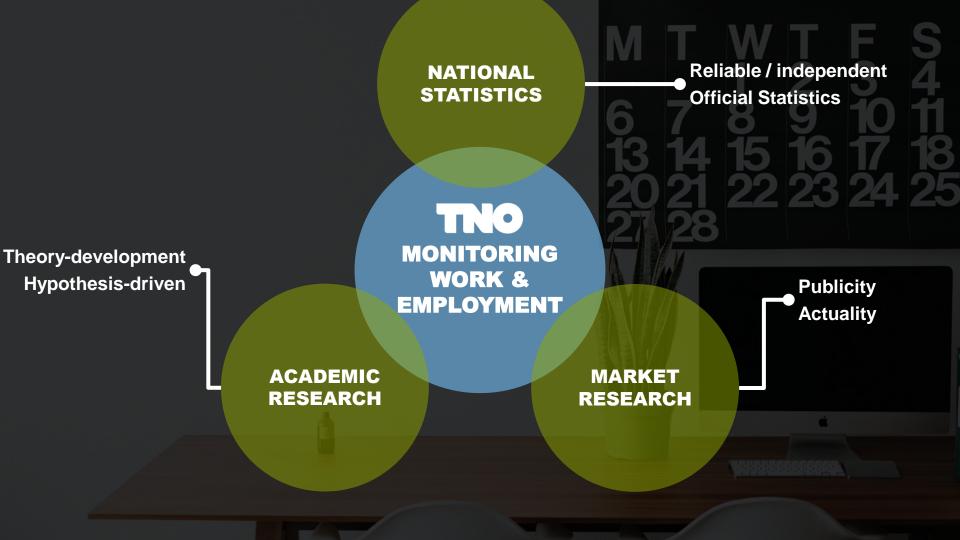
The innovation for life

This is our mission and the professionals of TNO have used their knowledge and experience to this end for more than eighty years

'INNOVATION FOR LIFE'









OUR AIM

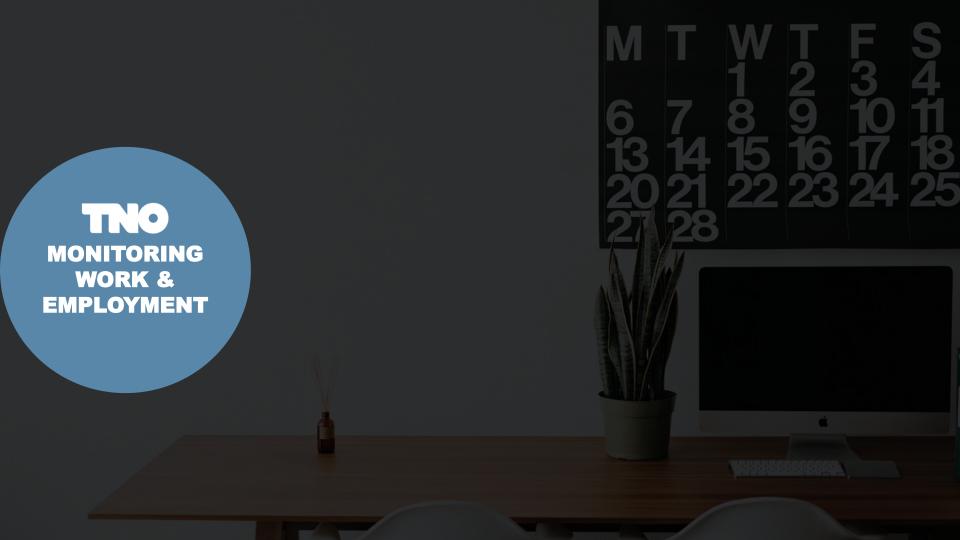


Identify & follow trends in working conditions

- Identify 'emerging risks' & risk groups, and relations between:
 - Working conditions
 - Sustainable employability
 - Health & well-being
 - Etc.

Through:

- High-quality structural monitoring
- Innovating monitoring, linking data sources
- Development of tools and services for stakeholders



BUILDING BLOCKS

National Survey Of The Self-employed Biannual monitor of working conditions of self-employed N = 5.000

NSS

TNO
MONITORING
WORK &
EMPLOYMENT

NWCS

Netherlands Working Conditions Survey Annual monitor of working conditions of employees N = 45.000

NEWS

National Employers Work Survey Biannual monitor of working conditions according to employers.

N = 5.000

BUILDING BLOCKS

National Survey Of The Self-employed Biannual monitor of working conditions of self-employed N = 5.000

NSS

CODI
Cohort
Sustainable
Employability
Longitudinal research
based on the NEA 2015
15.000 employees,
1.500 self-employed
1.200 unemployed

TNO
MONITORING
WORK &
EMPLOYMENT

NWCS

Netherlands Working Conditions Survey Annual monitor of working conditions of employees N = 25.000 - 45.000

NEWS

National Employers Work Survey
Biannual monitor of working conditions
according to employers.

N = 5.000

STREAM

Study on Transitions in Employment, Ability and Motivation Longitudinal research among 15.000 employees of age 45 and above Since 2010



NETHERLANDS WORKING CONDITIONS SURVEY



NWCS DESIGN



Sample

Drawn from the polisadministratie and the Dutch population register

2005-2013 80.000 invitations, response 25.000

2014-2017 140.000 invitations, response 38.000 (2014), 45.000 (2017)

2018 173.000 invitations, oversampling education



Population

Employees, oversampling groups with low response

2005-2013 15-65 year

2014-2018 15-75 year

Results weighted (7 factors) to maintain representability



2005-2013 choice of chance on gift certificate or donation

2014 no reward

2015 3 groups: 1) chance of i-pad, 2) chance of €250, 3) no reward

2016-2018 chance of €250

NWCS DESIGN



Questionnaire: 200+ items, 30 minutes

2005-2013 55% paper, 45% online

2014-2017 >90% online

2018 100% online



Data enriched

Standard: Age, gender, ethnic background, sector, household

composition, financial situation, urbanization (of residence),

collective labor agreement

On demand: Linking with 'any' register-data, such as:

hospital data, divorce, (future) contracts through the SSD

THEMES



Personal characteristics

Age, gender, education, etc.

Quality of work



Work content and organization
Contact with clients, reorganization, etc.



Working conditions
Physical load, psychosocial load, violence etc.



Terms of employment
Working times, training, skills-match, etc.

Effects



Health, accidents, absenteeism, employability, turnover, innovation, productivity

Company policy

HRM, absenteeism, measures taken



LINKING DATA

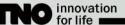






HOW DOES THE SSD WORK?







IMPACT

• Direct link to Dutch policy priority setting and evaluation: Ministries, Labour Inspectorate, Social Economical Council, Health Council, etc



- Input for (EU)Campaigns such as reducing work-stress or managing dangerous substances
- Extensive media coverage: national agenda setting
- Data available for general public
 - Web-based benchmarking tools
 - Factsheets and interactive visualizations
- Data analyses on request for companies, unions, economic sectors, ministries, etc.
- Scientific impact: in collaboration with various universities

TOOLING

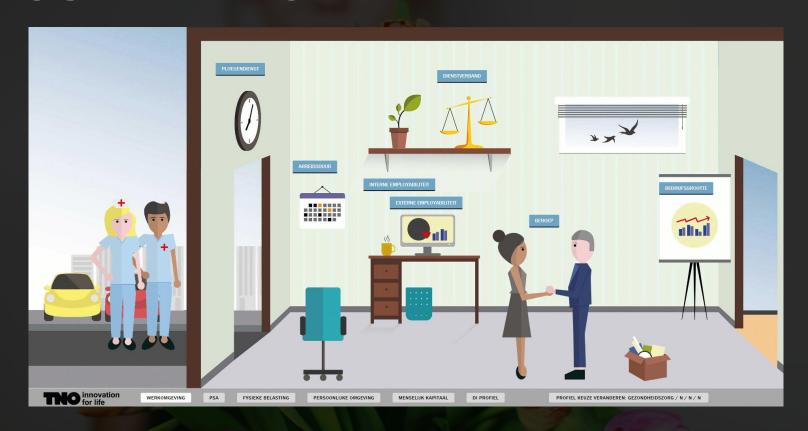
USING FORCE AT WORK

GENDER DIFFERENCES

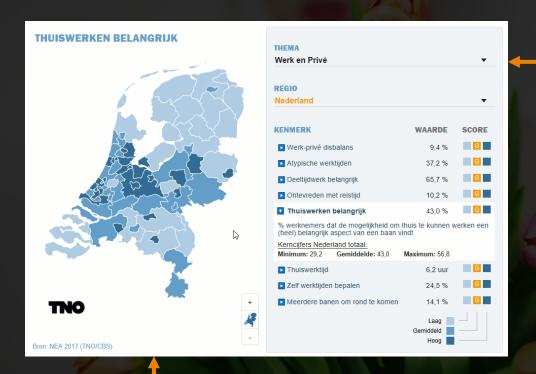
DIFFERENCES
BETWEEN
SECTORS OF
INDUSTRY



VISUALIZATION



VISUALIZATION



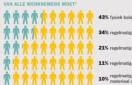
WORK-LIFE BALANCE

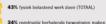
IN DIFFERENT REGIONS

FACTSHEETS

FACTSHEET FYSIEKE ARBEIDSBELASTING 2018

HOEVEEL EN WAAR KOMT HET VOOR?

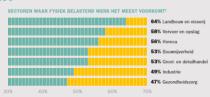




21% regelmatig kracht zetten in het werk

11% regelmatig in ongunstige houdingen werken

10% regelmatig gebruik maken van materiaal dat trillingen veroorzaakt



GEVOLGEN VOOR DE GEZONDHEID

24%

WERKNEMERS MET BEWEGINGSAPPARAAT KLACHTEN IN DE LAATSTE 12 MAANDEN (al dan niet door werk)3 55%

40% arm-, nek-, schouder-

34% rugklachten 27% heup-, been-, knie-,

BEROEPSZIEKTEN²



50% van de werknemers met één of meer door een arts vastgestelde beroepsziekte(n) in het laatste jaar, heeft een beroepsziekte aan het bewegingsapparaat

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60%

ARREIDSONGESCHIKTHEID³

24% van de nieuwe is 26% arbeidsongeschiktheidsuitkeringen is vanwege te wiiten aan lichameliik klachten aan het belastend hewegingsannaraat

VAN ALLE

WEDKGEDEI ATEEDDE VERZUIMDAGEN1:

is **30**%

te wiiten aan

klachten aan het

bewegings-

apparaat

NIET KUNNEN DOORWERKEN TOT AOW-LEEFTIJD1

50% van de werknemers van 50 tot 65 jaar MET fysiek belastend werk denkt niet door te kunnen werken tot de AOW-leeftijd



42% van de werknemers die GEEN fysiek belastend werk doen denkt niet door te kunnen werken tot de AOW-leeftijd

MAATREGELEN¹



20% van de werknemere met lichamelijk zwaar werk vindt (aanvullende) maat-100% regelen nodig t.a.v. het zware werk

1. NEA 2017 – 2. NEA 2016 – 3. UWV

innovation

FACTSHEET WERK EN GEZIN

WERK EN GEZIN

OUDERS MET JONGE KINDEREN EN WERK



het combineren van werk en privé vinden we relatief gezien vooral in:

het combineren van werk en gezin

Werknemers tussen 25-44 jaar met een kind tot 4 jaar ('jonge ouders') ervaren vaak problemen: 1 op de 8 jonge ouders geeft aan regelmatig problemen te ervaren met

JONGE OUDERS HEBBEN BEHOEFTE AAN FLEXIBILITEIT





VAN DE JONGE OUDERS KAN REGELMATIG ZELF BEPALEN WANNEER HIJ OF ZIJ VERLOF VAN DE JONGE OUDERS KAN REGELMATIG ZELF BEPALEN OP WELKE TIJDEN WORDT GEWERKT



genoten

Horeca





CHALLENGES AND INNOVATIONS



Dropping response rates

- Experiment with reward strategies
- · New ways of measurement



Technical possibilities

- Connecting questionnaires and sensor data / app data
- Use of big data
- Voice analyses



New challenges

- Privacy / data ownership
- Feedback
- Interpreting sensor data

